

Reporting Summary

Nature Research wishes to improve the reproducibility of the work that we publish. This form provides structure for consistency and transparency in reporting. For further information on Nature Research policies, see our [Editorial Policies](#) and the [Editorial Policy Checklist](#).

Statistics

For all statistical analyses, confirm that the following items are present in the figure legend, table legend, main text, or Methods section.

n/a Confirmed

- ☒ ☐ The exact sample size (n) for each experimental group/condition, given as a discrete number and unit of measurement
- ☒ ☐ A statement on whether measurements were taken from distinct samples or whether the same sample was measured repeatedly
- ☒ ☐ The statistical test(s) used AND whether they are one- or two-sided
Only common tests should be described solely by name; describe more complex techniques in the Methods section.
- ☒ ☐ A description of all covariates tested
- ☒ ☐ A description of any assumptions or corrections, such as tests of normality and adjustment for multiple comparisons
- ☒ ☐ A full description of the statistical parameters including central tendency (e.g. means) or other basic estimates (e.g. regression coefficient) AND variation (e.g. standard deviation) or associated estimates of uncertainty (e.g. confidence intervals)
- ☒ ☐ For null hypothesis testing, the test statistic (e.g. F , t , r) with confidence intervals, effect sizes, degrees of freedom and P value noted
Give P values as exact values whenever suitable.
- ☒ ☐ For Bayesian analysis, information on the choice of priors and Markov chain Monte Carlo settings
- ☒ ☐ For hierarchical and complex designs, identification of the appropriate level for tests and full reporting of outcomes
- ☒ ☐ Estimates of effect sizes (e.g. Cohen's d , Pearson's r), indicating how they were calculated

Our web collection on [statistics for biologists](#) contains articles on many of the points above.

Software and code

Policy information about [availability of computer code](#)

Data collection

Data were collected using NIS-Elements AR, ImageStudio V5.2, Azure cSeries Acquisition Software, ImagePro V6.3, LightCycler 480 Software, VersaMax Acquisition Software, GloMax Acquisition Software, and MATLAB.

Data analysis

Statistical analyses were performed using GraphPad Prism 8.4.3, R V3.5.1, and Microsoft Excel. Other data analysis was conducted on Imaris (Bitplane) V9.5, Proteome Discoverer 2.1 engine, Byonic search engine, MaxQuant v1.6.1 software, Spectronaut v10, and Perseus v1.5.8.5.

For manuscripts utilizing custom algorithms or software that are central to the research but not yet described in published literature, software must be made available to editors and reviewers. We strongly encourage code deposition in a community repository (e.g. GitHub). See the Nature Research [guidelines for submitting code & software](#) for further information.

Data

Policy information about [availability of data](#)

All manuscripts must include a [data availability statement](#). This statement should provide the following information, where applicable:

- Accession codes, unique identifiers, or web links for publicly available datasets
- A list of figures that have associated raw data
- A description of any restrictions on data availability

All data included in this study are stored and maintained by the corresponding author and are available from the corresponding author upon reasonable request. Source data underlying graphs shown in figures and supplementary figures are provided in Supplementary Data. The acetyl-proteomics data that support the findings of this study have been deposited to the ProteomeXchange Consortium (ID number PXD023641) and the MassIVE partner repository (ID number MSV000086712). The R script that was used to process the acetyl-proteomics data have been deposited on Github with the identifier (<http://doi.org/10.5281/zenodo.4447491>).

Field-specific reporting

Please select the one below that is the best fit for your research. If you are not sure, read the appropriate sections before making your selection.

☒ Life sciences ☐ Behavioural & social sciences ☐ Ecological, evolutionary & environmental sciences

For a reference copy of the document with all sections, see [nature.com/documents/nr-reporting-summary-flat.pdf](https://www.nature.com/documents/nr-reporting-summary-flat.pdf)

Life sciences study design

All studies must disclose on these points even when the disclosure is negative.

Sample size	No sample size calculation was performed. Based on prior publications in our laboratory, we used n = 4 animals per genotype for acetylimic analysis. For all other experiments, a minimum of n = 3 biologic replicates are used and specified in figure legends.
Data exclusions	Single outliers in a dataset were evaluated by Grubb's test. If an outlier was found (p < 0.05), it was removed and the remaining data are presented.
Replication	With the exception of the acetylimic analysis, all experiments were conducted at least two independent times with successful replication. All experiments contain at least n = 3 biologic replicates in the final datasets.
Randomization	Animals were used from multiple litters at random, and control littermates were used when possible. In some instances, control littermates were not possible due to the genetic crosses employed.
Blinding	Most experiments were unblinded as animal genotype was carefully noted at each step. For plasma and urine analysis, laboratory staff was blind to genotype.

Reporting for specific materials, systems and methods

We require information from authors about some types of materials, experimental systems and methods used in many studies. Here, indicate whether each material, system or method listed is relevant to your study. If you are not sure if a list item applies to your research, read the appropriate section before selecting a response.

Materials & experimental systems		Methods	
n/a	Involved in the study	n/a	Involved in the study
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Antibodies	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/> ChIP-seq
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Eukaryotic cell lines	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/> Flow cytometry
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/> Palaeontology and archaeology	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/> MRI-based neuroimaging
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Animals and other organisms		
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/> Human research participants		
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/> Clinical data		
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/> Dual use research of concern		

Antibodies

Antibodies used	Anti-acetylated lysine (Cell Signal Technologies; #9441; 1:100), anti-ATG9A (abcam; #ab108338; 1:100), : anti-ATG9A (abcam; #ab108338; 1:1,000), anti-FAM134B (abcam; ab151755; 1:1,000), anti-SEC62 (abcam; ab140644; 1:1,000), anti-LC3beta (Cell Signal Technologies; #2775; 1:500), anti-Bec1 (Cell Signal Technologies; #3738S; 1:1,000), anti-p62/SQSTM1 (Sigma-Aldrich; P0067-200UL; 1:1,000), anti-beta-actin (Cell Signal Technologies; 3700 or 4967; 1:1,000 to 1:5,000), anti-p-PERK (Santa Cruz; sc-32577; 1:200), anti-PERK (Cell Signal Technologies; #3192; 1:1,000), anti-eIF2alpha (Cell Signal Technologies; 9722; 1:1,000), anti-p-eIF2alpha (Cell Signal Technologies; 9721; 1:1,000), anti-p-IRE1 (Novus; #NB100-2323; 1:500), anti-IRE1 (Cell Signal Technologies; #3294; 1:1,000), anti-ATF6 (Millipore; #09-069; 1:250), anti-BiP/GRP78 (Cell Signal Technologies; #3177; 1:1,000), anti-ATF4 (Cell Signal Technologies; #11815; 1:1,000), anti-H3 (Active Motif; #39763; 1:10,000), anti-GFAP (Agilent; #Z0334; 1:1,000), anti-IBA1 (abcam; ab178847; 1:1,000), anti-alpha-SMA (Sigma-Aldrich; #A7607; 1:100),), anti-NeuN (EMD Millipore; #ABN91MI; 1:1,000), anti-synaptophysin (abcam; #ab32127; 1:200), anti-PSD95 (Thermo Fisher; #MA1-045; 1:200), and anti-collagen I (abcam; #ab34710; 1:50).
Validation	Antibody validation was not conducted by the investigators but rather relied upon from prior publications or the antibody supplier.

Eukaryotic cell lines

Policy information about [cell lines](#)

Cell line source(s)	Mouse embryonic fibroblasts
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Authentication

Cell lines were not authenticated as they were generated in-house from investigator mouse colonies.

Mycoplasma contamination

Cell lines were not tested for mycoplasma contamination since they were freshly prepared and used for only a few passages before discarding.

Commonly misidentified lines
(See [ICLAC](#) register)

Not applicable since cell lines were generated in-house.

Animals and other organisms

Policy information about [studies involving animals](#); [ARRIVE guidelines](#) recommended for reporting animal research

Laboratory animals

Mouse, C57BL/6J. The genotype, sex, and age varied for given experiments are specified in figure legends.

Wild animals

This study did not involve wild animals.

Field-collected samples

This study did not involve samples collected from the field.

Ethics oversight

All animal experiments were carried out in accordance with the NIH Guide for the Care and Use of Laboratory Animals and were approved by the Institutional Animal Care and Use Committee of the University of Wisconsin-Madison.

Note that full information on the approval of the study protocol must also be provided in the manuscript.